

Three-dimensional Weight Function Analyses and Stress Intensity Factors for General Surface and Corner Crack Emanating from Circular Hole

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1. Introduction

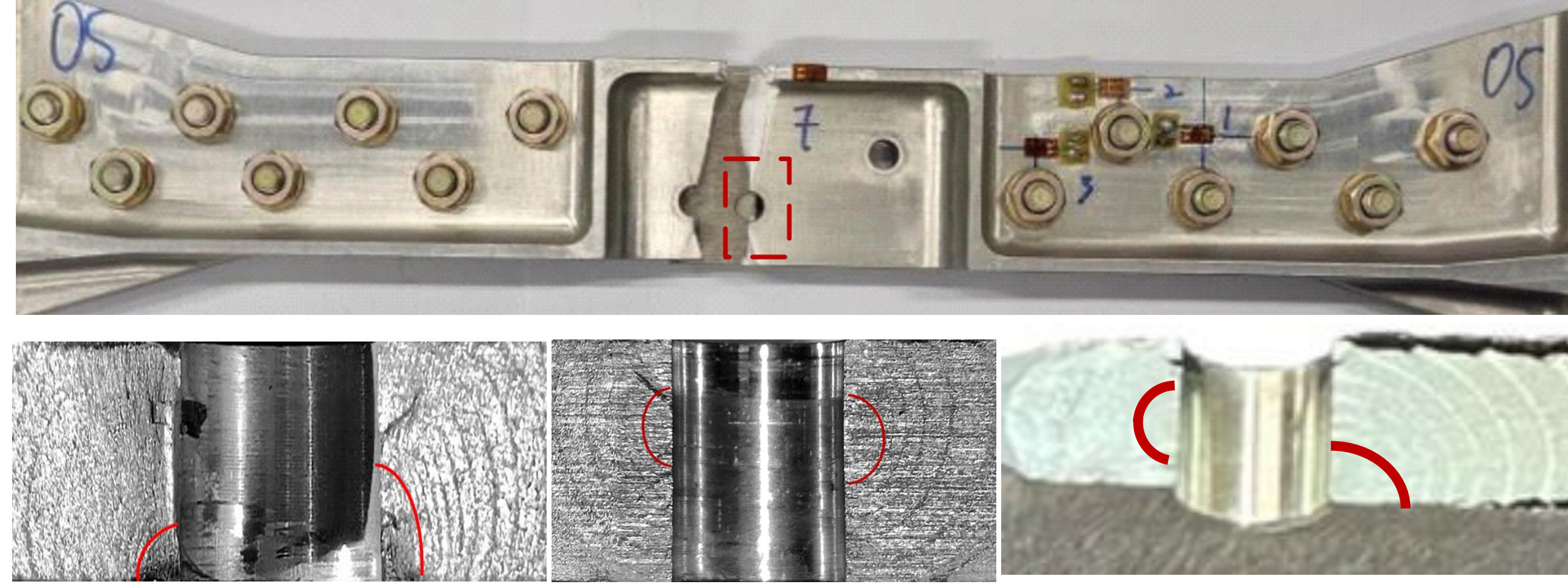


Fig.1 Complex hole-edge crack in airframe structure

◆ Due to the **complexity of the problem**, limited work has been done for the SIFs of eccentric and asymmetric surface and corner hole-edge cracks, and combination of surface and corner hole-edge cracks subjected to complex loads.

◆ **Accurate and highly efficient** methods for computation of the SIFs of such complex cracks in aircraft structure are highly demanded for damage tolerance analysis.

◆ The **slice synthesis weight function method** is developed to meet this demand.

2. Complex corner and surface cracks at a circular hole

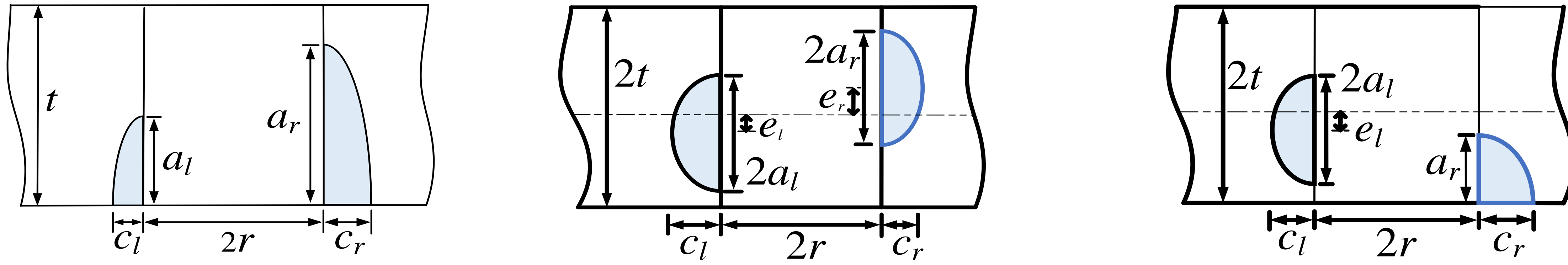


Fig.2 (a) Asymmetric corner cracks; (b) Asymmetric and eccentric surface corner cracks; (c) Combination of surface and corner cracks.

3. Slice Synthesis weight function method (SSWFM)

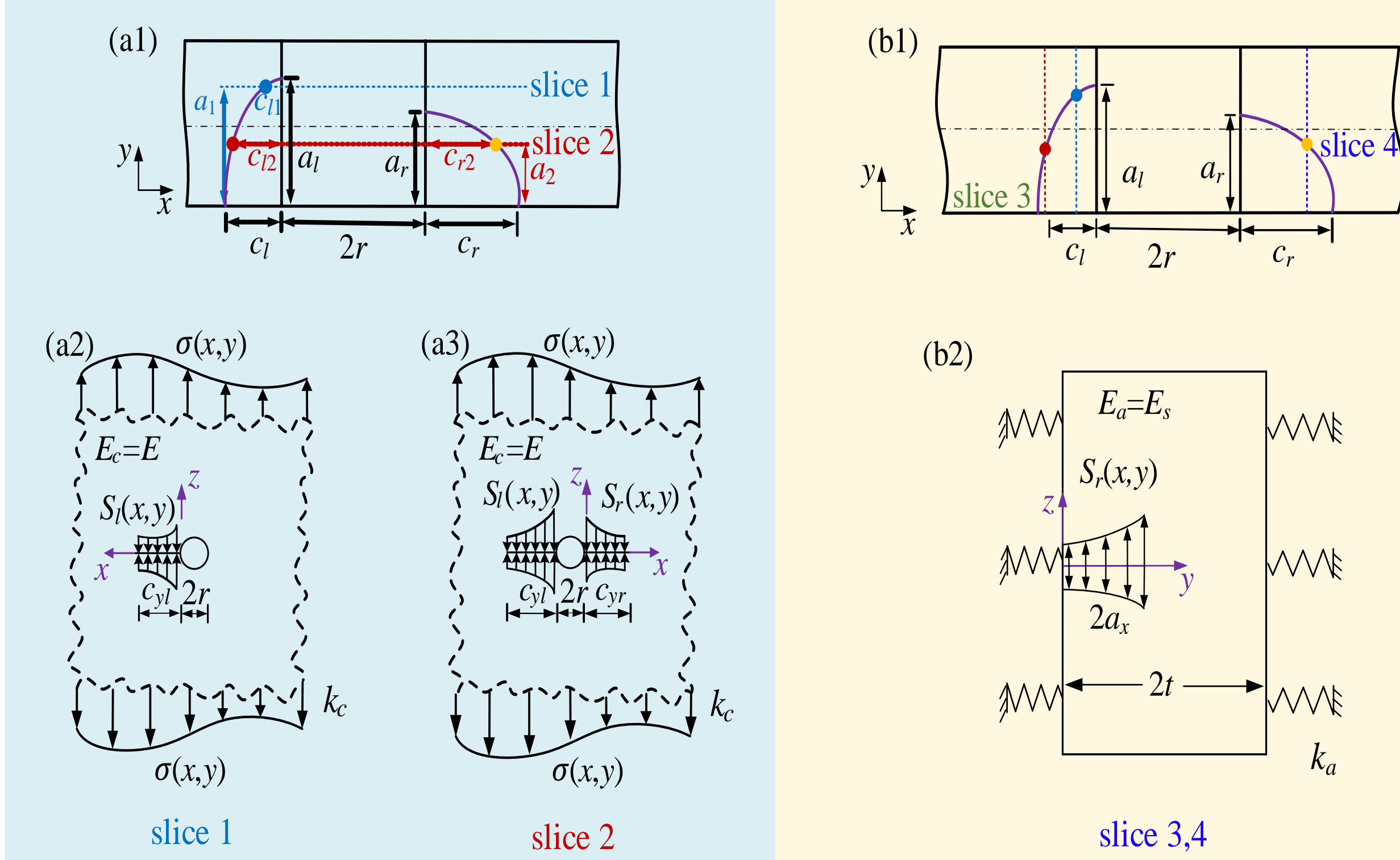


Fig.3 Decomposition of 3D crack based on SSWFM

◆ The relation between the 2D SIFs of the slice and 3D SIF $K(\varphi)$ is

$$K_j(\varphi) = \frac{1}{1-\eta^2} \left\{ K_{c_j}^4(c_{yl}, c_{yr}) + \left[\frac{E_j}{E_{sj}} K_{a_j}(a_{sj}) \right]^4 \right\}^{1/4} (-1)^n$$

K_c, K_a are SIFs of the slices

◆ The 2D SIFs of the slices are determined by the 2D weight function method

$$K_{c_j}(c_{yl}, c_{yr}) = \int_0^{c_{yl}} [\sigma_l(x, y) - S_l(x, y)] \cdot m_{c_j}(c_{yl}, c_{yr}, r, x) dx + \int_0^{c_{yr}} [\sigma_r(x, y) - S_r(x, y)] \cdot m_{c_j}(c_{yl}, c_{yr}, r, x) dx$$

$$K_{a_j}(a_{sj}) = \int_0^{a_{sj}} S_j(x, y) m_a(a_{sj}/t, y/t) dy$$

$\sigma(x, y)$ is the uncrack stress from a stress analysis of the body without crack
 $S(x, y)$ is the spring stress representing the interaction between the slices

◆ The spring stress $S(x, y)$ is determined by the displacement compatibility equations and 2D weight function method.

$$\int_x^{c_{yl}} \int_0^\xi [\sigma_l(x, y) - S_l(x, y)] \cdot m_{cl}(\xi, c_{yr}, r, x) dx \cdot m_{cl}(\xi, c_{yr}, r, x) d\xi$$

$$= \frac{E_l}{E_{sl}} \int_y^{a_{sl}} \int_0^\xi S_l(x, y) \cdot m_a(\xi/t, y/t) dy \cdot m_a(\xi/t, y/t) d\xi$$

$$\int_x^{c_{yr}} \int_0^\xi [\sigma_r(x, y) - S_r(x, y)] \cdot m_{cr}(c_{yl}, \xi, r, x) dx \cdot m_{cr}(c_{yl}, \xi, r, x) d\xi$$

$$= \frac{E_r}{E_{sr}} \int_y^{a_{sr}} \int_0^\xi S_r(x, y) \cdot m_a(\xi/t, y/t) dy \cdot m_a(\xi/t, y/t) d\xi$$

4. 3D SIFs and verifications—hole edge cracks in an infinite plate

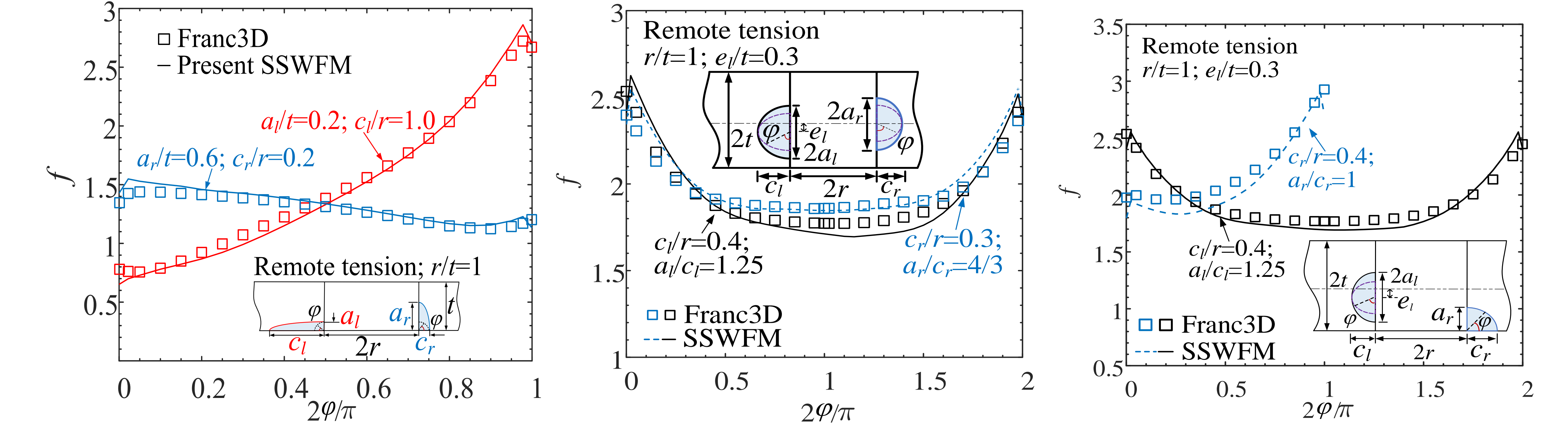


Fig.4 The SIFs from SSWFM agree well with those from FEM/Franc3D, most of the differences are less than 8%

5. 3D SIFs and verifications—hole edge cracks in airframe structure

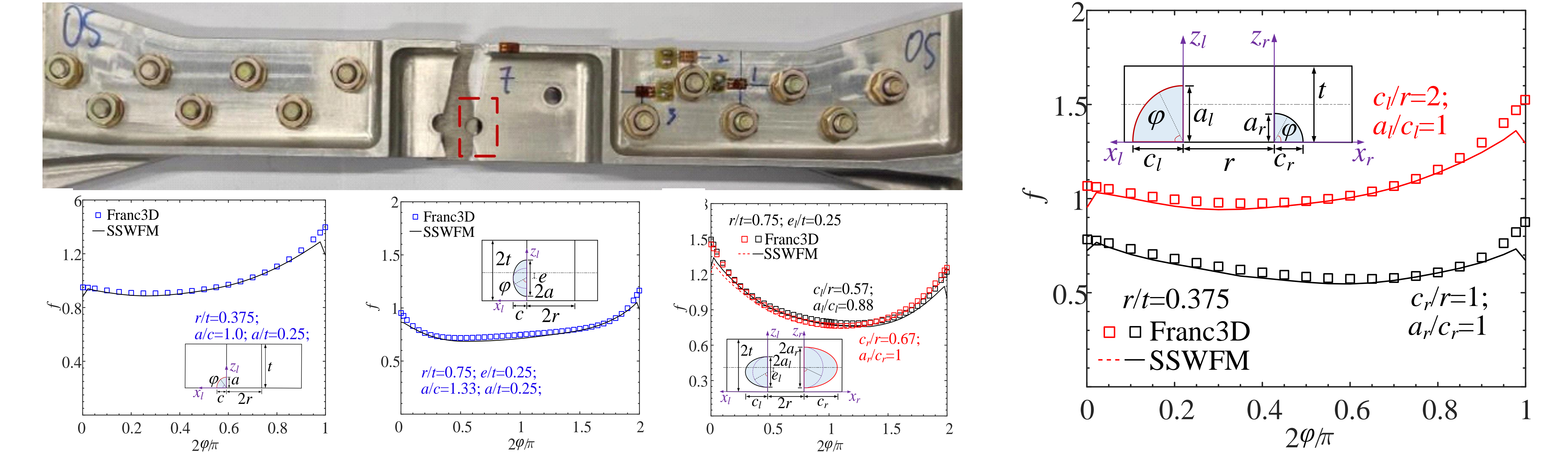


Fig.5 The SIFs from SSWFM agree well with those from FEM/Franc3D for 3D cracks in airframe, most of the differences are less than 10%.

6. Conclusions

- ① The SIFs obtained from the SSWFM agree well with those from FEM/Franc3D, **most of the differences are less than 10%**.
- ② The present SSWFM is **2-3 orders-of-magnitude faster** than FEM/Franc3D in calculation of SIFs,
- ③ The SSWFM will significantly enhance fatigue crack growth analysis capability for **engineering structures** with circular hole.

References

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- [4] Zhang B. Weight function analysis and application for typical three-dimensional hole-edge cracks in aircraft structure. PhD thesis, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, 2023.